

These slides summarize performance results obtained in the Source/Simulator/WF Sensor Configuration of DCATT

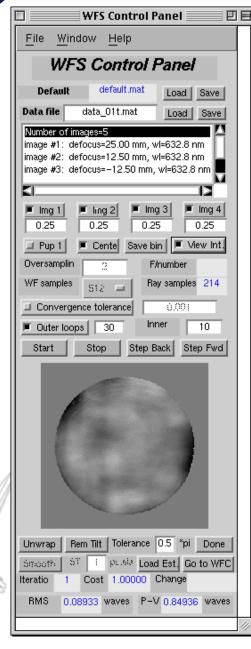
They demonstrate excellent performance in the final, Fine Phasing control mode

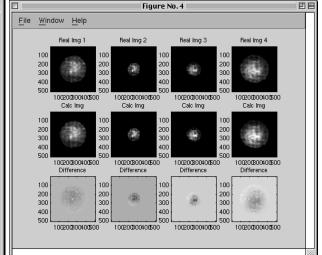
Overall performance substantially exceeds DCATT requirements of  $\lambda/20$  at 2  $\mu m$  wavelength

**Origins** 

Mission

## Wavefront Sensing Performance Summary





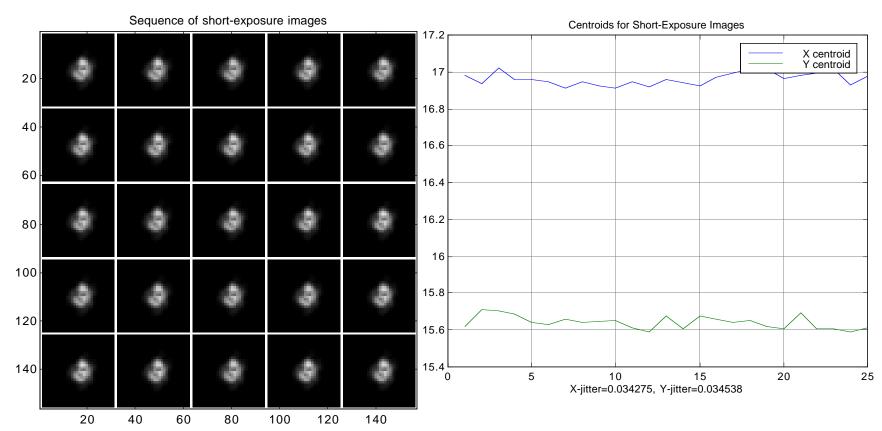
- WFsensing Repeatibility
  - RMS for 10 estimates =  $\lambda$ /100 at  $\lambda$  = 6328 Å, 3 nm bandwidth
- Bandwidth sensitivity
  - RMS =  $\lambda$ /40 at  $\lambda$  = 6328 Å, 40 nm bandwidth
- Wavelength sensitivity
  - $\triangle$  RMS = 6 nm,  $\lambda$  = 5140, 6328, 7945 Å
- Insensitive to pupil intensity profile variations when pupil image used in processing
- Comparison to Zygo within Zygo error bar





A NASA Origins

Mission



- Sequence of short (0.1 sec) exposure defocussed images, laser source
- Combined lab seeing, acoustic and seismic noise sources
- These results with enclosed optics
  - RMS = 1/30 pixel
  - Peak-to-valley = 1/10 pixel

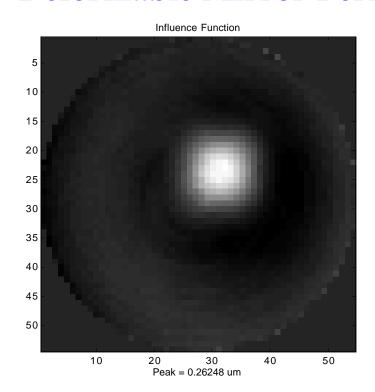
A NASA

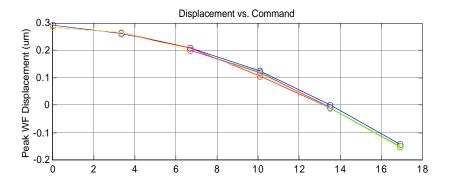
**Origins** 

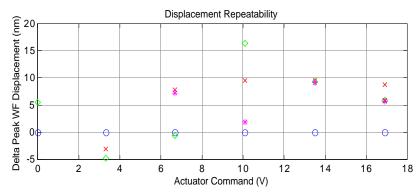
Mission



### **Deformable Mirror Performance**







- Simulator DM is used as an aberrator and a controller, with 52 active actuators
- AO DM will have 349 actuators
- SDM calibrated using WF sensor
- Typical influence function shown
- SDM displacement vs. command curve shows actuation error peak at 16 nm, standard deviation about 5 nm

# **Performance Summary**

#### WF Sensing

- RMS WF Sensing repeatability <  $\lambda$ /100 at  $\lambda$  = 6328 Å, 3 nm bandwidth, small aberrations
- WFS bandwidth sensitivity
  - RMS WFSE <  $\lambda$ /40 at  $\lambda$  = 6328 Å, 40 nm bandwidth
- WFS wavelength sensitivity
  - RMS WFSE < 6 nm,  $\lambda$  = 5140, 6328, 7945 Å
- Insensitive to pupil intensity profile variations when pupil image used in processing
- Comparison to Zygo within Zygo error bar

#### WF Control

- Best flat WFE =  $\lambda$ /36 at  $\lambda$  = 6328 Å
- Limited by (in order):
  - OAP figure errors beyond DM spatial frequency cutoff
  - DM actuation nonlinearity and hysteresis
  - Dead actuator
  - WF sensing error